

# Looking Ahead.....

## The BLSP's current/ developing projects and future plans

### A Prosperous Place

Ongoing development of support businesses for the Robin Hood Airport Doncaster Sheffield currently being developed on the old RAF Finningley base

Completion of the Employability Skills Centre

Increased joint working with Learning & Skills Sub-Group to target workforce development

### A Learning Place

Ongoing development of Bassetlaw Learning Community

Ongoing development of the Bassetlaw Private Finance Initiative, to provide for the rebuilding/ redevelopment of all Bassetlaw Secondary Schools

Increased joint working with Economic Regeneration Sub-Group to target workforce development

Ongoing development and implementation of the 14-19 Pathfinder

Production and launch of NEBA Work Experience Prospectuses – summary of opportunities with local employers

### An Attractive Place

Idle Valley Wide Area Project (WAP)

Production of a guide for 'Business and the Environment' encouraging local businesses to adopt environmentally-friendly practices

Increased joint-working with the Health Sub-Group on projects for healthy living and active lifestyles

Ongoing partnership with NCC Building Better Communities scheme within targeted areas of Bassetlaw

## **A Healthy Place**

Ongoing development/ implementation of the Bassetlaw Healthy Living Centre projects

Development and implementation of a Bassetlaw Obesity Strategy to reduce the number of people who are overweight or obese.

## **A Fair Place**

Launch and ongoing support to Bassetlaw Community Empowerment Network

Review of current initiatives/ local organisations targeting awareness of equalities and diversity, to ensure duplication is avoided, and joint working across the District

Ensure relevant local agencies contribute to the County aim to provide 590 places for pre-school centre based childcare in the 20% most disadvantaged wards by March 2006

Ongoing development of new leisure facilities through the Private Finance Initiative operating across Bassetlaw Secondary Schools

Development of A1 Housing Bassetlaw Ltd – the ALMO for Bassetlaw

BLSP will 'Think Rural' and will continue to develop policies and services for Bassetlaw's rural areas. The BLSP will begin the process of rural proofing to ensure that people living in rural areas have equal access to services. In addition the BLSP will begin to identify rural areas within the Action Plans according to the Rural/ Urban definitions 2004.

## **A Safe Place**

Production and implementation of the new Bassetlaw Community Safety Strategy 2005-2008

Implementation of the Safer & Stronger Communities strand of the new Local Area Agreements (LAA) – the Bassetlaw mini-LAA funding arrangement

Target 15-20 prolific offenders through the National Prolific and Priority Offenders Programme

# How to get involved

Our main priority is to ensure we work according to YOUR PRIORITIES. The Community Strategy is our vision for the future, and it is vital that you tell us your vision for the future – together we can ensure we ‘Get the Best for Bassetlaw’.

We continually review Community Engagement and are currently exploring other ways that we can forge positive links with Bassetlaw people, enabling us to engage with them in a meaningful way about how this District develops. Please let us know how you would like to be involved in improving this District. Contact details feature at the end of the document.

For more information about what is happening in your local area please contact:

<b>Local Area Initiative</b>	<b>Contact Number</b>
Retford Market Towns Initiative/ Retford Local Area Forum	01909 533230
Harworth & Bircotes Market Towns Initiative	01302 759738
Tuxford Market Towns Initiative (Tuxford Regenerating in Partnership – TRIP)	01777 870040
Manton Community Alliance	01909 530052
Bassetlaw District Youth Assembly	01623 860968 or 01909 533189
North East Bassetlaw Forum (Misterton, West Stockwith, Walkeringham, Gringley-on-the-Hill, Beckingham, Everton and Misson)	01909 533767
Bassetlaw Community & Voluntary Service (BCVS) – Local groups and volunteering	01909 476118
Bassetlaw Race Awareness Forum	Via BCVS 01909 476118
Sure Start West Bassetlaw (Carlton-in-Lindrick, Langold, Blyth, Oldcotes, Costhorpe)	01909 731805
Your local Councillor	01909 533116
Victim Support Bassetlaw	01909 500455
Doncaster & Bassetlaw Hospitals Patient and Public Involvement Forum (supported by Doncaster CVS)	01302 813333
The Centre Place	01909 479191

# **Appendices**

**Appendix 1: Glossary**

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## Appendix 1: Glossary

Term	Acronym	Definition
Arms Length Management Organisation	ALMO	A not-for-profit housing management company set up by a council to manage its housing stock, whilst retaining ownership and control. The board of directors must include tenants and independent people with relevant experience and may also include other members of the local community.
Biodiversity Action Group	BAG	The Biodiversity Action Group (BAG) is a partnership of organisations involved in nature conservation in Nottinghamshire. Membership spans the public, private, voluntary and statutory sectors, and ranges from obvious candidates such as English Nature and all 9 local authorities, through to more unusual partners, e.g. Nottinghamshire Federation of WIs.
Bassetlaw Development Agency	BDA	Following the restructuring at Bassetlaw District Council, this is now the <u>Economic Development and Tourism Service</u> . This is the Council's economic regeneration service, which works in partnership with other agencies and the private sector to regenerate the area.
Bassetlaw District Council	BDC	The local authority serving Bassetlaw District.
Bassetlaw Local Strategic Partnership	BLSP	A partnership that involves key service providers from the District and representatives from the public, private, voluntary and community sectors. The purpose of the Partnership is to improve the way local services are delivered and to make sure that they meet local needs. One of the roles of the Partnership is to produce a Community Strategy that will show how these key organisations are working to improve the social, economic and environmental prospects of the Bassetlaw area.
Bassetlaw Partnership for Health	BPfH	The Bassetlaw Partnership for Health is a group of key people with an interest in the delivery of health related services in Bassetlaw. The Partnership aims to establish what health services are required to meet the needs of the area. The Group now functions as the Health Sub-Group of the BLSP.
Bassetlaw Primary Care Trust	BPCT	An organisation that brings together the General Medical Practitioners, Community Nurses and other agencies dealing with health issues within the Bassetlaw area. They are responsible for developing primary and community health service in the area and work to improve the health of residents.
Business Innovation Centre	BIC	A flagship development to be built on the Shireoaks Triangle site. The centre will support 'knowledge-based businesses' using the latest technology.
Community Legal Services Partnership	CLSP	All publicly funded civil legal help and representation services are jointly planned by Community Legal Service Partnerships, including local authorities, the National Lottery Charities Board and charitable trusts as well as providers and consumer representatives.
Connexions		All-encompassing youth service launched in April 2001 to replace the careers service and other statutory youth services. Aimed at 13 to 19 year-olds.

Term	Acronym	Definition
East Midlands Development Agency	EMDA	One of the nine regional development agencies set up by the Government to develop the regions, EMDA is based in Nottingham and works to promote economic development, skills development and attracting inward investment to regenerate the East Midlands.
Government Office for the East Midlands	GOEM	The Government Office is based in Nottingham and brings together the regional activities of its sponsor departments (ODPM; Department for Transport; DEFRA; Department for Education and Skills; DTI and the Home Office). It also plays host to staff from the Department of Culture, Media and Sport and the Department of Health. Its responsibilities include administering various national and European grant programmes.
Gross Value Added	GVA	The term GVA is used to denote estimates that were previously known as GDP at basic prices. The relation of GVA to GDP is defined by the following: Under the European System of Accounts 1995 (ESA 1995), the term GDP denotes GVA + taxes on products (less subsidies on products) i.e. at market prices. GDP is not available at Regional level. The measure as ratified by ESA 1995 is to use the terminology of GVA.
Heritage Lottery Fund	HLF	The Heritage Lottery Fund is a funding stream through the National Lottery. It enables communities to celebrate, look after, and learn more about, the country's diverse heritage.
Jobcentre Plus	JC	This service is part of the Department for Work and Pensions, an assists members of the public of working age to find work and get any benefits they are entitled to. It also offers a dedicated service to employers to fill their vacancies quickly and effectively.
Learning & Skills Council Nottinghamshire	LSC	A Government-sponsored organisation, which is responsible for funding and planning education and training for Over 16-year-olds in England. The Council was established in April 2001 and operates through 47 local offices and a national office in Coventry.
North Nottinghamshire College	NNC	A local Further Education College serving the north of the County and communities immediately outside the boundaries of North Nottinghamshire.
Nottinghamshire County Council	NCC	The county authority serving the Bassetlaw District. Responsible for providing main services i.e. Education, Highways, Social Services, Youth Services
Public Service Agreement	PSA	A Local Public Service Agreement is an agreement between an individual local authority (or group of authorities) and the Government. It sets out the Authority's commitment to deliver specific performance improvements in priority areas, and the Government's commitment to reward these improvements. The agreement also records what the Government will do to help the Authority achieve an improvement in service.
Quality of Life	QoL	The Social, Economic and Environmental factors that affect people's day-to-day lives and overall sense of well-being.
Sure Start		Sure Start is a cross departmental unit that aims to improve children's life opportunities. Children and families benefit from a joined up approach to childcare, early years education and family and health support.

## Appendix 2: Contact Details

If you have any queries or wish to comment on this document you should contact:

Gillian Blenkinsop, Principal Policy Officer, Bassetlaw District Council, Queen's Buildings, Potter Street, Worksop, Nottinghamshire, S80 2AH

Tel: **01909 533142** Fax: **01909 501758**

e-mail: [gillian.blenkinsop@bassetlaw.gov.uk](mailto:gillian.blenkinsop@bassetlaw.gov.uk)

or

Joanne Lindley, Policy Officer, Bassetlaw District Council, Queen's Buildings, Potter Street, Worksop, Nottinghamshire, S80 2AH

Tel: **01909 533189** Fax: **01909 501758**

e-mail: [joanne.lindley@bassetlaw.gov.uk](mailto:joanne.lindley@bassetlaw.gov.uk)

Post your comments on our website: [www.visionbassetlaw.net](http://www.visionbassetlaw.net)

If you need any help communicating with us or understanding any of our documents, **We can arrange for a copy of this leaflet in large print** or arrange for a Language Line interpreter or translator to help

اگر آپ کو ہمارے ساتھ بات کرنے میں یا ہماری فراہم کردہ کسی دستاویز کو سمجھنے میں مدد کی ضرورت ہو تو ہم آپ کی مدد کے لئے لنگوئج لائن کے ایک انٹریپرائز (سٹریم) یا ترجمہ کرنے والے کا استہمام کر سکتے ہیں۔  
برائے سہیلی ہم سے 01909 533142 / 01909 533189 پر رابطہ کر کے اپنی زبان اور لہجہ بتائیں۔

ਜੇ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ سਾਡے ਨਾਲ ਗੱਲਬਾਤ ਕਰਨ ਜਾਂ ਸਾਡੇ ਕਿਸੇ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼ ਨੂੰ ਸਮਝਣ ਵਿੱਚ ਮਦਦ ਚਾਹੀਦੀ ਹੈ, ਤਾਂ ਤੁਹਾਡੀ ਮਦਦ ਕਰਨ ਦੇ ਲਈ ਅਸੀਂ ਇੱਕ ਲੈਂਗਵੇਜ ਲਾਈਨ ਇੰਟਰਪ੍ਰੀਟਰ (ਦੁੱਬਾਸੀਏ) ਜਾਂ ਟ੍ਰਾਂਸਲੇਟਰ (ਅਨੁਵਾਦਕ) ਦਾ ਪ੍ਰਬੰਧ ਕਰ ਸਕਦੇ ਹਾਂ।  
ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਸਾਨੂੰ - 01909 533142 / 01909 533189 - ਉੱਪਰ ਸੰਪਰਕ ਕਰੋ ਅਤੇ ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਅਤੇ ਟੈਲੀਫੋਨ ਨੰਬਰ ਦੱਸੋ।

如果您在与我们沟通或理解我们的任何文件时需要帮助，我们可安排“语言热线”（Language Line 公司）的口译人员或笔译人员来帮助您。请拨打这个电话 - 01909 533142 / 01909 533189 - 与我们联系，说明您使用的语言和电话号码。

Jeśli potrzebujesz pomocy w komunikowaniu się z nami lub w zrozumieniu naszych dokumentów, możemy do pomocy udostępnić tłumacza Language Line.  
Proszę się z nami skontaktować pod numerem telefonu – 01909 533142 / 01909 533189 - podając język rozmowy i numer telefonu.

## Appendix 3: References

- 1 Taken from Census 2001
- 2 Percentage change since 1991 has been derived by subtracting the revised mid year 1991 population estimation estimate from the Census 2001 population figure.
- 3 Taken from NOMIS, December 2004.
- 4 Taken from the Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators 2003.
- 5 Office for National Statistics.
- 6 Taken from the annual Housing Land Availability Position Statements (HLAPS) 2002 and 2003.
- 7 Taken from the annual Housing Land Availability Position Statements (HLAPS) 2004.
- 8 Taken from Nottinghamshire Police Crime Data.
- 9 This measure has been superseded by Gross Value Added (GVA) – see Glossary for definition. The new baseline for 1998 is £4,204,000 for North Nottinghamshire compared to £761,539,000 for UK as a whole. This is taken from:  
Headline<sup>1</sup> gross value added (GVA)<sup>2,3</sup> by NUTS3 area at current basic prices 1995 to 2002
  - 1 The headline GVA series for this publication have been calculated using a five-period moving average.
  - 2 Estimates of workplace based GVA allocate income to the region in which commuters work.
  - 3 Components may not sum to totals as a result of rounding.
- 10 Figure for males misstated. Correct base data = 74.0 years (taken from Office for National Statistics). Note - The data for this indicator is collected and analysed in 2 year time periods.
- 11 This target is being amended as follows: 'Raise the number of homes which meet basic housing standards'.  
The data for this indicator is taken from the Housing Stock Conditions Survey (Private Sector Housing), which is commissioned by Bassetlaw District Council, every 5 years. The last survey was carried out in 2001, by NBA Consortium (Independent Consultants). From this data, the targets for BV62 are set. This will be reported as a %. According to the Housing Stock Conditions Survey (Private Sector Housing) 2001, 1229 houses were unfit.  
**NOTE: The figure for BV62 does not take account of any houses that may have become unfit since the survey.**
- 12 The Base data for this indicator for 2002/2003 has been amended to refer to Bassetlaw data, rather than a Nottinghamshire figure. The base data for Bassetlaw is 13,473 total reported crimes (136 per 1,000 population).
- 13 Generally User Satisfaction responses were lower than rates achieved in 2000/2001.

- 14 Measure not reported on for the financial year 2003/2004. This figure is taken from the September 2004 Citizens' Panel Survey, as a follow up to the baseline for this indicator in October 2002 (70%). The aim is to source data for this indicator via local survey, bi-annually.
- 15 A measure of the success of our economy.
- 16 The final figure for performance against this indicator should relate to all those achieving Level 2 by the end of the 2004 academic year. However in 2004 the LSC changed reporting methods and information is now only available at a national level. As a consequence there will be no additional local data to base progress on.
- 17 Percentage of 15 year old pupils in schools maintained by the LEA achieving 5 or more A\*-C GCSEs or equivalent.
- 18 Based on NCC Secondary Schools in Bassetlaw, Ashfield, Mansfield, and Newark & Sherwood.
- 19 Circumstantial evidence from NNC data shows an increase in the progression to HE levels in Bassetlaw, particularly in the health profession. At NNC alone 60 students are enrolled on an Access to HE Course.
- 20 There has been a 40% increase in training for employees and employers in Bassetlaw, particularly within the food manufacturing industry.
- 21 Bassetlaw has 1 Local Nature Reserve (LNR) at Daneshill. It was declared by Nottinghamshire County Council in 1984, and is approximately 50 hectares.
- 22 Publicity and promotion targets within the NRCC vary from project to project and depend on:
- u Requirements of the funding body including their SLA with the Countryside Agency,
  - u Commitments to LSP and Council Strategies with which they are in partnership,
  - u Response to needs surveys and requests from communities, and joint working with Rural Officers.
- Across the three projects mentioned within the table the following activities took place:
- Newsletters
  - Publicity via website (monthly updating)
  - Annual Conferences
  - Minimum of one News release
  - Radio Broadcasts
  - Leaflet campaigns (Wheels to Work)
  - Presentations to local organisations/ communities
  - Transport Information Session/ Surgery at Worksop Library
- 23 This has now been amended through the Nottinghamshire PSA agreement is a stretch target of 24%. The District is on target to meet this new figure.
- 24 The method of monitoring Countryside Stewardship Scheme (CSS) agreements changed in 2000/2001. CSS agreements for 2002/2003 were applied for by end of May 2002 and implemented from 1 October 2002. CSS agreements for 2003/2004 were applied for by end of April 2003 and implemented from 1 October 2003. Current CSS agreements for 2004/2005 were applied for by end of March 2004 and implemented on 1 October 2004. These will be reported on in the 2004/2005 Annual Report. **NOTE:** From 2005/2006 a new scheme will come in to place. The Environmental Stewardship Scheme will be launched April/ May 2005 replacing current CSS agreements.

25 This data is taken from the HECA returns produced by Bassetlaw District Council. The figures relate to all types of housing: Owner/ Occupied, Local Authority, Private Rented, and Housing Association.

26 The new IMD 2004 is based on the approach, structure and methodology that were used to create the previous IMD 2000. However, the IMD 2004 differs in two key ways:

1) The index is now based on 32,482 Super Output Areas (SOAs), compared with 8,414 wards. SOAs are small geographic areas and have a population of between 800 and up to 3,000. Ward areas are less consistent, having a population of between 800 up to 35,000. This new method allows deprivation to be mapped in greater detail, providing a more in-depth picture of variations in deprivation at a more local level.

SOAs are within ward boundaries.

2) New domains - crime, and the living environment - have been incorporated as new and improved data sources have become available. There are also two supplementary Indices - Income Deprivation Affecting Children and Income Deprivation Affecting Older People.

27 This headline target is a 'process target' based on the overall outcomes of the work of the Health Sub-Group in deprived areas. It is not possible to quantify performance annually as a figure. However, through the IMD it is possible to monitor levels of health inequalities over an extended time period. However it is important to account for the fact that IMD 2000, and IMD 2004 are not comparable. The following wards were in the top 10% and 11-25% most deprived, based on the IMD 2000.

Top 10%	Top 11-25%	
Harworth East	Carlton	Worksop North East
Harworth West	Trent	Worksop North West
Hodsock	Tuxford	Worksop South
Rampton	Welbeck	
Worksop East	Worksop North	
Worksop South East		

The following wards have SOAs in the top 10% and 20% most deprived, based on IMD 2004.

Top 10%	No. of SOAs	Top 20%	No. of SOAs
Carlton	1	East Retford East	1
East Retford East	1	East Retford North	1
Langold	1	East Retford West	1
Rampton	1	Harworth	4
Worksop East	1	Langold	1
Worksop North East	1	Welbeck	1
Worksop North West	1	Worksop East	1
Worksop South	1	Worksop North West	2
Worksop South East	4	Worksop South East	1

28 Taken from DoH Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators 2002. Data for this target is collated over a 2 year period.

DSR = Direct Age-Standardised Rate per 100,000 population

The data is referred to as 'Conceptions: Crude Rates, Ages <18'.

Also note that this data is collected on a countywide basis as part of the performance management of the Nottinghamshire County 10 year Teenage Pregnancy Strategy. The County did achieve the target for a reduction in teenage conceptions for 2003/04.

For the period April 2002 to March 2003 the table below shows the number of vulnerable young people monitored by the DAAT's Key Performance Indicators.  
NOTE: Numbers refer to the number of young people and not the number of presenting episodes.

Group of vulnerable Young People	Number of vulnerable young people	Number assessed as needing targeted prevention	Number receiving targeted prevention	Number assessed as needing a drug specific intervention	Number receiving a drug specific intervention
Pupil Referral units					
Data not available locally				3	
Data estimated from incomplete data set		100%	100%	2	3
Actual data	106			5	2
Children in care of Local Authority					
Data not available locally	532	75%	75%		
Data estimated from incomplete data set					
Actual data				74	74
Young offenders on YOT caseload					
Data not available locally		N/A	N/A		
Data estimated from incomplete data set	1,210			147	78
Actual data					

- 30 For the period April 2003 to March 2004 the table below shows the number of vulnerable young people monitored by the DAAT's Key Performance Indicators.  
NOTE: Numbers refer to the number of young people and not the number of presenting episodes.

Group of vulnerable Young People	Number of vulnerable young people	Number assessed as needing targeted prevention	Number receiving targeted prevention	Number assessed as needing a drug specific intervention	Number receiving a drug specific intervention
Pupil Referral units					
Data not available locally					
Data estimated from incomplete data set		100%	100%		
Actual data	93			5	5
Children in care of Local Authority					
Data not available locally	477	75%	75%		
Data estimated from incomplete data set				16	16
Actual data				58	58
Young offenders on YOT caseload					
Data not available locally		N/A	N/A		
Data estimated from incomplete data set	1,687			299	198
Actual data					

- 31 Taken from DoH Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators 2002 and 2003.  
Data for this indicator is collated annually.  
DSR = Direct Age-Standardised Rate per 100,000 population  
The data is referred to as 'Mortality from Accidents, DSR All Ages'.

- 32 Taken from DoH Compendium of Clinical and Health Indicators 2002. Data for this indicator is collated annually.  
DSR = Direct Age-Standardised Rate per 100,000 population  
The data is referred to as 'Hospital Episodes: Serious Accidental Injury relating to Hospital Admissions, DSR All Ages'.  
Hospital admission data shows that Bassetlaw has a rate of hospital admissions 50% higher than the national average. However, it is important to note that hospital admission data is not that accurate since it depends on how the hospital episode of care is coded.
- 33 Figures are taken from NBA Consortium – Independent Consultants, who produced the Housing Stock Conditions Survey (Public Sector Housing).
- 34 This figure is significantly lower than normal due to a change in the criteria for assessing homes as decent or non-decent. This mainly related to 'thermal comfort' (insulation standards).
- 35 This information is taken from the Jupiter in Nottinghamshire system (JIN) – an information management system which incorporates data from Nottinghamshire Police crime data. There is a 5% margin of error due to address point matching.
- 36 Data for this target is unavailable due to a change in reporting procedure. The new procedure under the National Criminal Recording Standard has resulted in crimes in this area being broken down in to a number of sub-categories. This has made it difficult to calculate performance from the data recorded. The figures are calculated by Nottinghamshire Police.
- 37 Figures collated by YOT incorporate South Nottinghamshire as well and cannot be broken down to District level.

